## **REMARKS**

As a preliminary matter, Applicants have corrected the typographical error on line 7 of Claim 16 by replacing the incorrect term "imitation" with the correct term "limitation." According, withdrawal of the objection to Claim 16 is respectfully requested.

Claims 1-6, 13, 14, 16-18, 20-25 and 27 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as being anticipated by United States Patent No. 6,694,288 to Smocha et al. Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection.

Applicants respectfully submit that the Smocha et al. reference fails to disclose all of the features of the present invention. More specifically, the Smocha et al. reference fails to disclose a load monitoring condition determination method (or system) that includes, inter alia, a "load monitoring condition [that] includes . . . a threshold, for the item being monitored, to be used for monitoring of the item being monitored," as now defined in independent Claims 1, 5 and 21.

Applicants respectfully submit that the threshold discussed in the Smocha et al. reference, such as in column 11, lines 19-30, is not the same as the threshold of the present invention, as defined in independent Claims 1, 5 and 21. In the present invention of Claims 1, 5 and 21, the threshold is included in the load monitoring condition and it is a threshold, or limit, *for the item being monitored*. The threshold of Claims 1, 5 and 21 can be used, for example, to determine whether a system administrator needs to be notified, such as shown in step S22 of the flowchart of Applicants' Figure 2.

In contrast, the term "threshold" as used in the Smocha et al. reference is not a limit of the item being monitored, but it is instead part of the phrase a "pair of threshold correlation coefficient values" (column 11, lines 19-22). Correlation coefficients are used to show how closely two items being monitored show behavior related to each other, such as whether two items being monitored track each other closely; are unrelated; or have a functional or causal relationship to each other. *See* Smocha et al., col. 10, line 31 to col. 12, line 22. The "pair of threshold correlation coefficient values" are upper and lower limits used to show which two sets of items being monitored relate to each other, such as by setting a 90% correlation coefficient as an upper threshold for determining items that represent the same underlying data and by setting a 20% correlation coefficient as a lower threshold for determining items that are unrelated. *See* Smocha et al., col. 11, lines 15-30.

Thus, the "threshold" referred to in the Smocha et al. reference is not a limit of "the item being monitored," as defined in independent Claims 1, 5 and 21, but is instead an upper or lower limit of a correlation coefficient for comparing the data collected *for two items being monitored* to determine whether the two types of data are related to each other or not. Accordingly, as the Smocha et al. reference does not include all of the features defined in independent Claims 1, 5 and 21, Applicants respectfully request the withdrawal of this §102(e) rejection of independent Claims 1, 5 and 21 and associated dependent Claims 2-4, 6, 13, 14, 16-18, 20-22-25 and 27.

Claims 15, 19 and 26 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over Smocha et al. in view of United States Patent No. 6,470,464 to Bertram et al. Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection.

Applicants respectfully submit that one of ordinary skill in the art would not have been motivated to combine the Bertram et al. reference with the Smocha et al. reference because the Bertram et al. reference teaches away from the use of monitoring systems that provide or simulate a load upon the system (an "active" system), as in the devices of the present invention and the Smocha et al. reference, in favor of a "passive" method that merely monitors the system without effecting it. Applicants respectfully submit that one of ordinary skill in the art would not have modified the "active" system of Smocha et al. in light of the "passive" system of Bertram et al. because the two types of systems go about the monitoring process in distinctly different ways. For at least this reason, Applicants respectfully request the withdrawal of this §103 rejection of Claims 15, 19 and 26.

For all of the above reasons, Applicants request reconsideration and allowance of the claimed invention. The Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned attorney if an interview would expedite prosecution.

Respectfully submitted,

GREER, BURNS & CRAIN, LTD.

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300 South Wacker Drive

**Suite 2500** 

Chicago, Illinois 60606

Telephone:

(312) 360-0080

Facsimile:

(312) 360-9315

Customer No. 24978 P:\DOCS\1122\70096\A77343.DOC

James K. Folker

Registration No. 37,538

By